Government Performance Measurement and Accountability Systems



D. Brian Marson APO Technical Advisor Thailand, September 2013

The Importance of Performance Measurement and Accountability

- Governments around the world are under pressure from citizens to demonstrate higher levels of performance in the management of government funds, in the delivery of services, and in the achievement of stated policy goals.
- In this context many governments have introduced performance measurement and accountability systems both for internal results-based management purposes, and for the Prime Minister, the legislature and for public reporting purposes.

What do the Leading OECD Countries Measure?

International Comparison of Performance Management Frameworks

As part of a recent audit of the UK Capability Review model, a review of 33 OECD countries found five Countries that have extensive management performance frameworks in terms of scope, coverage and approach.

As sessment Area	MAF Canada	UK Capability Review	US President's Management Agenda	South Korea Performance Evaluation	EU Common Assessment Framework
Leadership	4	*			4
Organizational structure	4	V		V	
Strategy and policy	4	V		4	4
Partnership working	4	٧		4	4
Resource management	4	4	v	4	4
Financial management	4	۲	V	4	4
Performance management	4	۲	V	4	4
Risk management	4	Ý		4	
Learning and innovation	4	4		4	۲
Customer focus	4	4		4	۲
Performance results				*	۲.

US Government – The Obama Administration's Management Performance Reporting Framework

8 AREAS OF FOCUS

- Acquisition
- Financial Management
- Human Resources
- Technology
- Customer Service
- Performance Improvement
- Open Government
- Sustainability

http://www.performance.gov/aof

The USA Government's Performance Management Reporting Website (www.Performance.Gov)

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	An Offi	ial Website of the United Stat	tes Government			Saturday, De	cember 3	3, 2011 Login ▼	
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	HOME	AREAS OF FOCUS	AGENCIES			ABOUT	FAQ	FEEDBACK	E

DRIVING FEDERAL PERFORMANCE

"If we believe the government can make a difference in people's lives, we have the obligation to prove that it works – by making government smarter, and leaner and more effective..." PRESIDENT BARACK OBAMA APRIL 13, 2011

Responding to the President's challenge to cut waste, save money, and better serve the American people, Performance.gov provides a window on the Obama Administration's approach to improving performance and accountability. Performance.gov shows progress on the Administration's efforts to create a government that is more effective, efficient, innovative, and responsive.

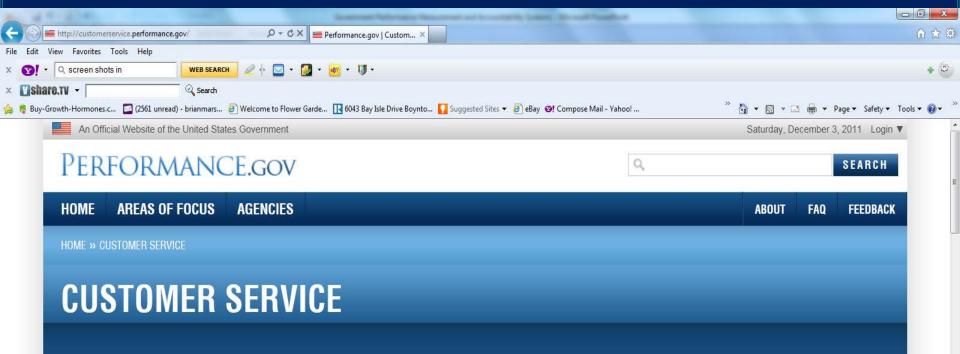
Reforming how Washington works is an ongoing effort that demands vigilance and leadership. The Administration is strongly committed to investing in what works and fixing or cutting what does not. As part of this effort, the Administration is leading the "Campaign to Cut Waste," an initiative to eliminate wasteful spending and get the most from taxpayer dollars throughout the government. Whether driving progress on top priorities or cutting the cost of delivery, government leaders at all levels are accountable for achieving results. We

Featured Story: Saving Billions through Increased Technology Oversight



The IT Dashboard allows citizens to monitor every dollar the government spends on large technology projects. The dashboard has been used to power "TechStat" sessions where all of the stakeholders in

Customer Service-One of the US Government Focus Areas



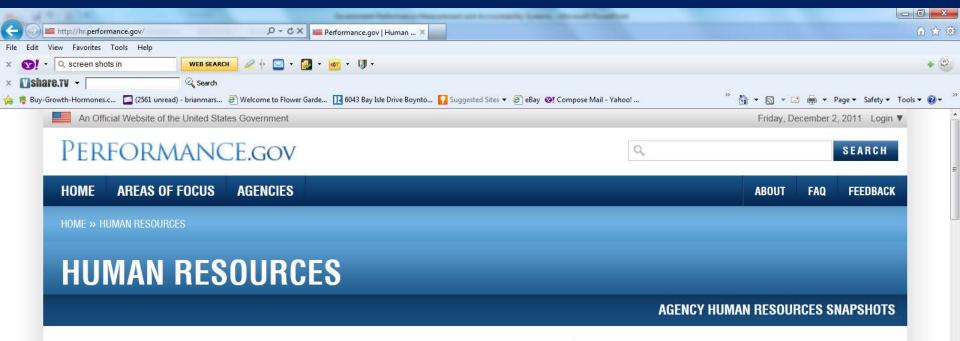
The American people deserve a Government that is responsive to their needs. Whether they are calling the IRS for an answer to a tax question or visiting a Social Security Administration office to adjust their benefits, they should expect high-quality interactions with the Federal Government. Yet despite some important strides to improve customer service during the past fifteen years, customer expectations continue to rise. The Federal Government should apply widely used private sector best practices to keep pace with the public's expectations and transform its customer services – soliciting regular customer feedback, streamlining underlying processes, and delivering consistent service across customer channels. To that end, the President issued an Executive order requiring each agency to develop a customer service plan that identifies implementation steps for their customer service activities, including a "signature initiative" that leverages technology to improve the customer service. These plans will also

Featured Story: New Downloadable Health Records



near and sangle A service will past the signed and their Open Country

Human Resources Management-Another US Government Focus Area



Recruiting the Best Employees to Government

WE

The challenges facing this country are huge – whether keeping our homeland safe, restoring confidence in our financial system, or ensuring adequate health care for our veterans. Agencies must attract, develop and engage the most talented and diverse workforce possible in order to achieve the best for the American public. We have not always lived up to that goal. Sometimes we miss out on potential employees because of a slow application and hiring process. Other times we lose talented employees by not engaging them or recognizing their excellence. The Administration is addressing these problems in order to improve mission performance, and this website shows progress on some of the key human resource initiatives underway.

This site uses data received from agencies by the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) to

0

Featured Story: Reforming the Hiring Process



The US Government Website Compares Agency HR Performance from the Government-wide Employee Survey



USA Departments Workplace Performance Results 2011 (Canada and Australia also Measure HR Performance Using an Employee Survey Tool)

The 2011 Best Places rankings include 308 federal organizations (33 large agencies, 35 small agencies and 240 subcomponents) and are based on the responses from more than 266,000 employees.

> The 2011 government-wide index score is 64 out of 100, down 1.5 percent from 2010.

Employee satisfaction increased in 31 percent of federal organizations, including 22 percent of large agencies, 28 percent of small agencies and 32 percent of subcomponents.

2011 Overall Index Scores

Rank	Agency	2011	2010	% Change
1	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	85.9	79.2	8.50 🚳
2	Nuclear Regulatory Commission	79.1	81.8	-3.30 🖾
3	Government Accountability Office	78.9	81.6	-3.40 🖾
4	Smithsonian Institution	76.0	76.2	-0.30 🖾
5	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	72.5	74.2	-2.30 🖾
6	Social Security Administration	70.1	71.6	-2.10 🖾
7	Department of State	70.0	70.8	-1.10 🖾
8	Intelligence Community	69.5	69.0	0.70 🚳
9	Office of Personnel Management	69.4	65.8	5.30 🚳
10	General Services Administration	68.7	69.8	-1.60 🖾
	(Top 10 shown, <u>see all</u>)	Ę	🛇No Data 🧲	No Change

New Zealand`s Capability Review System for Departments

Delivery of Government Priorities How well is the agency responding to government priorities?



Delivery of Core Business

How effectively is the agency delivering each core business area? How efficiently is the agency delivering each core business area? How well does the agency's regulatory work achieve its required impact?



н		al Management d to deliver now and in the future	2?
Leadership, Direction and Delivery	External Relationships	People Development	Financial and Resource Management
 Purpose, Vision and Strategy Leadership and Governance Values, Behaviour and Culture Structure, Roles and Responsibilities Review 	 Engagement with the Minister(s) Sector Contribution Collaboration and Partnership with Stakeholders Experiences of the Public 	 Leadership and Workforce Development Management of People Performance Engagement with Staff 	 Asset Management Information Management Improving Efficiency and Effectiveness Financial Management Risk Management

New Zealand's Performance Measurement Results

Performance Improvement Framework System Analysis (14 Reviews)

Fig 4: Agency Capability Ratings

Critical Area	Element	MFAT	DOC	трк	LINZ	NZTA	NZTE	TSY	MSD	IRD	MOE	MWA	MPIA	SNZ	CLO
	Vision, Strategy and Purpose														
	Leadership and Governance														
Leadership, Direction & Delivery	Culture and Values														
-	Structure, Roles and Responsibilities														
	Review														
	Engagement with the Minister(s)														
External Relationships	Sector Contribution														
External relationships	Collaboration & Partnerships with Stakeholders														
	Experiences of the Public														
	Leadership & Workforce Development														
People Development	Management of People Performance														
	Engagement with Staff														
	Asset Management														
	Information Management														
Financial & Resource Management	Efficiency														
	Financial Management														
	Risk Management														
	Regulatory impact														

Notes

Any comparisons between the performance of agencies should be made recognising that:

- Agencies are in different circumstances at the time of review e.g. at different stages of transformational change
- · The rating indicates 'fit for purpose' rather than an absolute benchmark
- The moderation process has changed for the 2nd tranche to ensure consistency is maintained across a wider set of reviews.

Anchor Statement

Strong Well placed Needing development Weak Unable to rate/not rated

For other related information on the Performance Improvement Framework visit: www.ssc.govt.nz/pif

Government Performance Management and Accountability in Canada

- Canada's system of performance measurement, performance management, and performance reporting is perhaps the most developed among the OECD countries:
 - Management Performance: Canada uses its Management Accountability Framework (MAF) to hold heads of departments accountable for performance in ten management and policy areas.
 - Policy and Program Performance: Canada also has a well developed system for reporting annually on economic and social outcomes.
 - <u>http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/reports-rapports/cp-rc/2010-</u> 2011/cp-rctb-eng.asp

CANADA'S ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT- THE FRAMEWORK

The purpose of this framework is to map the financial and non-financial contributions of federal organizations receiving appropriations by aligning their program activities to a set of high level outcome areas defined for the government as a whole.

SPENDING AREAS (4)

	ECONOMIC AFFAIRS	SOCIAL AFFAIRS	INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS	GOVERNMENT
DA)	Income security and employment for Canadians	Healthy Canadians	A safe and secure world through international engagement	Strong and independent democratic institutions
GOVERNMENT OF CANADA OUTCOME AREAS (16)	Strong economic growth An innovative and knowledge-based	secure Canada A diverse society that promotes linguistic duality and social inclusion	Global poverty reduction through international sustainable development	A transparent, accountable and responsive federal government
GOVERNM	economy A clean and healthy environment	A vibrant Canadian culture and heritage	A strong and mutually beneficial North American partnership	Well-managed and efficient government operations
http://www.tbs-sct	A fair and secure marketplace .gc.ca/reports-rapports/cp-rc/2	2010-2011/cp-rctb-eng.asp	A prosperous Canada through global commerce	

Management Accountability Framework Overview

Purpose of MAF

Introduced in 2003, MAF is a performance management framework used across the federal government to <u>support management accountability of Department</u> <u>Heads and improve management practices</u>

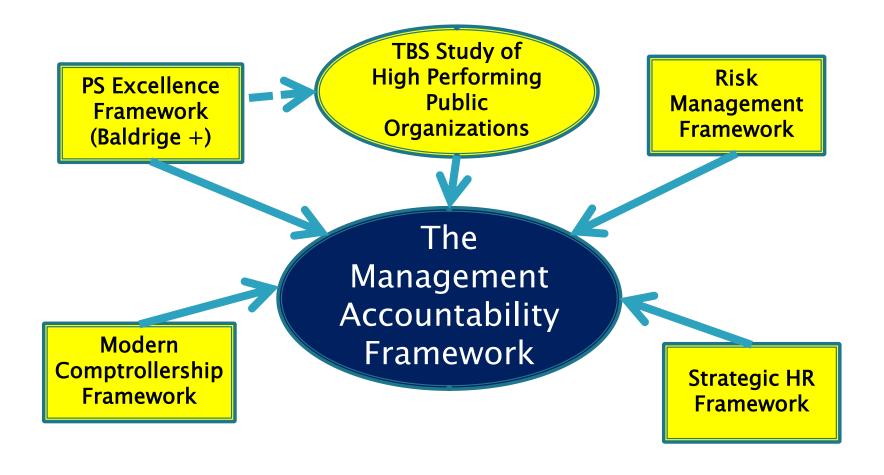
Objectives of MAF

- Clarifies management expectations for Department Heads and informs ongoing dialogue on management priorities
- Provides a comprehensive and integrated perspective on the state of management practices and challenges

Evolution of MAF

- Began as "framework for a conversation" between TB Secretary and Department Heads
- MAF has evolved over eight years into TB's key management oversight instrument, assessing management capacity and performance of all departments and small agencies
- Has a direct impact on Department Heads' performance commitments and pay
- Now used in resource allocation decisions and to risk-manage departmental submissions to Treasury Board.

In 2003 The MAF Integrated Several Existing Government Management Frameworks



The Government of Canada's Management Accountability Framework

Public Service Values

Through their actions, departmental leaders continually reinforce the importance of public service values and ethics in the delivery of results to Canadians (e.g. democratic, professional, ethical and people values).

and

The essential

conditions —

Citizen-focussed Policy and People Programs Service Results Governance Departmental research and The department has the people, Services are citizen-centred. and analytic capacity is developed work environment and focus policies and programs are r١ and sustained to assure high developed from the "outside in", Strategic on building capacity and Performance leadership to assure its success and partnerships are quality policy options, program Directions design and advice to ministers. and a confident future for the encouraged and effectively Relevant information Public Service of Canada. managed. on results (internal, service and internal coherence, program) is gathered corporate discipline and used to make and alignment to departmental outcomes — are in decisions, and **Risk Management** Stewardship Accountability public reporting place for providing effective strategic is balanced, transparent, and direction, support The executive team clearly Accountabilities for results are The departmental control to the minister and easy to understand. defines the corporate context regime (assets, money, people, clearly assigned and consistent Parliament, and the and practices for managing services, etc.) is integrated and with resources, and delegations delivery of results. organizational and strategic effective, and its underlying are appropriate to capabilities. risks proactively. principles are clear to all staff.

Learning, Innovation and Change Management

The department manages through continuous innovation and transformation, promotes organizational learning, values corporate knowledge, and learns from its performance.

MAF assesses management performance and capacity in key areas

Areas of Management

- 1. Values and Ethics
- 2. Managing for Results
- 3. Governance and Planning
- 4. Citizen-focussed Service
- 5. Internal Audit
- 6. Evaluation
- 7. Financial Management and Control
- 8. Management of Security
- 9. Risk Management
- 10. People Management
- 11. Procurement
- 12. Information Management
- 13. Information Technology
- 14. Asset Management
- 15. Investment Planning and Management of Projects



Each Area of Management is sub-divided into multiple 'Lines of Evidence'. For example:

AoM 6: Evaluation

- A comprehensive and reliable base of evaluation evidence on program relevance and performance is created and used to support policy and program improvement, expenditure management, decision-making and public reporting.
- 6.1 Quality of evaluation reports6.2 Governance and support for the evaluation function
- 6.3 Evaluation coverage of the organization's direct program spending 6.4 Use of evaluation to support decision-making and reporting

AoM 12: Information Management

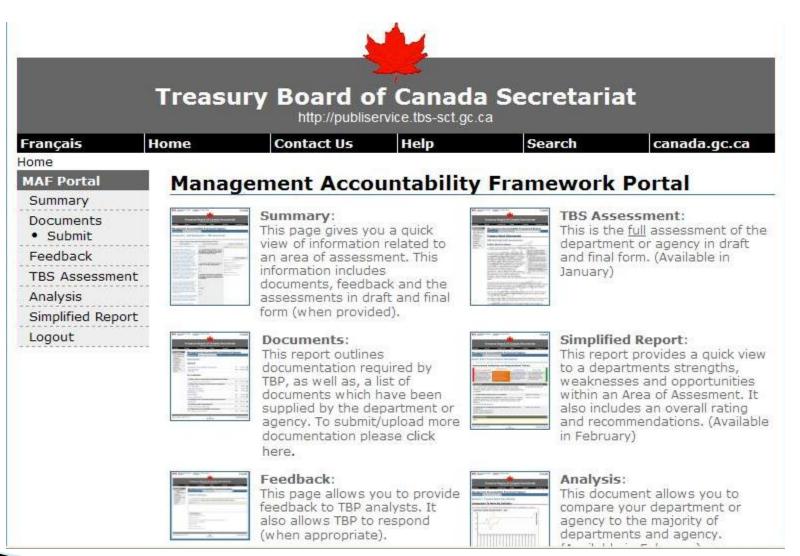
- Information Management (IM) supports the organization's business strategy and government-wide objectives. The statutory and regulatory requirements of the Access to Information and Privacy Acts have been met.
- 12.1 IM Governance
- 12.2 IM Strategic Planning and Implementation
- 12.3 IM Practice
- 12.4 Adherence to the Access to Information Act requirements
- 12.5 Adherence to the *Privacy Act* requirements
- 12.6 Access to Information & Privacy Governance and Capacity

MAF Area of Management : Values and Ethics

- Area of Management 1 measures the extent to which organizational culture and leadership are based on Values and Ethics.
- In an organizational culture founded on V&E, people are treated with respect, leaders lead by example and employees feel comfortable providing impartial advice needed for decision-making.
- Lines of Evidence (LoEs)
- 1.1 The organisation demonstrates a culture of mutual respect, integrity and professionalism.
 - For example: Activities leading to the development, implementation, and communication of an organizational code of conduct.
- > 1.2 Leaders demonstrate and promote V&E behaviours.
 - For example: Senior management develops and implements a comprehensive V&E strategy/plan and communicates it to the organization.
- > 1.3 The organization practices continuous improvement in the area of V&E.
 - For example: The organization seeks to identify common V&E issues across the public service or other jurisdictions and tailors solutions to its organizational needs.
- Key Changes from Round VII to Round VIII:

- Public Service Employee Survey (PSES) results will be used every 3 years; qualitative and process-based measures will be used the 2 years in between.
- Evidence was requested on risk assessment/mitigation of ethical breaches, infrastructure in place, integration of V&E principles into the organization, dialogue on V&E and the development of organizational V&E codes.
- New line of evidence on continuous improvement introduced (1.3 above).

MAF's Secure Assessment Portal



Revenue Canada (Taxation Department): Example of t the Assessment for the IT of MAF 2010

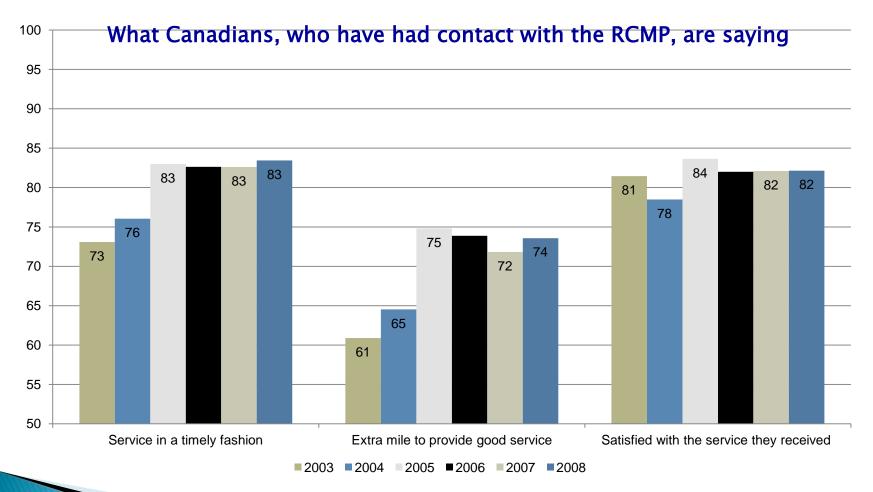
http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/maf-crg/assessments-evaluations/2009/nar/nar-eng.asp

MAF Section 13. Effectiveness of Information Technology Management- <u>Rating: Strong</u>

- HighlightsOpportunities13.1 Leadership: Acceptable
- Senior official for information technology has responsibility and accountability for virtually the full scope of information technology responsibilities.
- Web accessibility is partially integrated into the span of control.
- Adequate participation in setting government-wide directions for information technology is evident.
- 13.2 Planning: Strong
- Acceptable information technology plan is in place that aligns with the government-wide directions for information and has an integrated planning process.
- Organization is making efforts to institutionalize web accessibility into planning and governance processes.
- 13.3 Value: Strong
- Organization has well established processes and performance reporting on progress for all aspects of information technology management (including on Common Look and Feel implementation plans).
- Organization has integrated performance measurement tools and metrics including an established costing model for information technology services and a service costing baseline that guide information technology investment decisions
- Organization has processes that demonstrate sharing, re-using or leveraging across the government for ideas, best practices, assets and implementations.
- Commended for their progress and encouraged to share their IT plan and integrated set of processes and practices for planning and progress reporting in order to monitor and oversee the delivery of business value from IT investments.
- Governance model for effective management of the organization's web presence (i.e., citizen-facing web content and applications).
- Participation in GC-wide working groups and GC-wide collaborative work spaces to improve opportunities for sharing and re-use in order to reduce complexity and duplication, promote alignment and interoperability and optimize service delivery



MAF Component on Citizen-Centered Service- RCMP Service Performance



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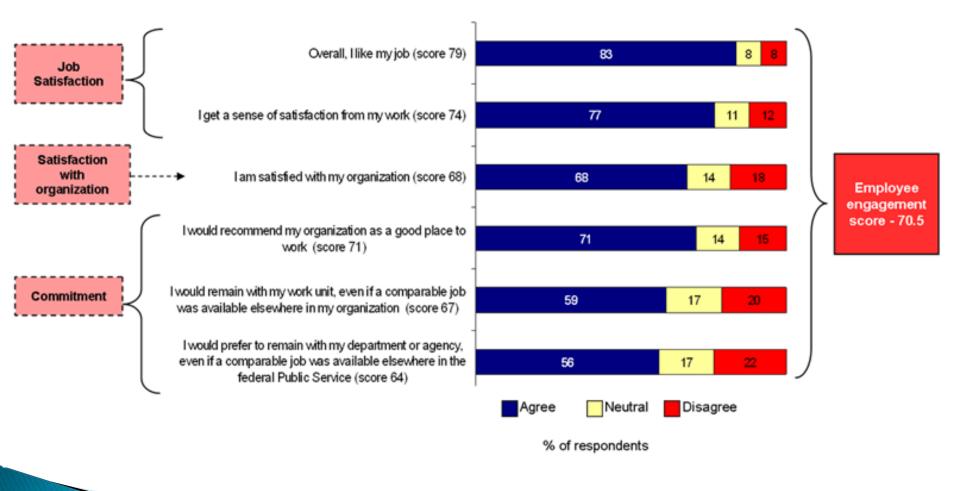
The Departments MAF Assessments are published on a Government Website



Human Resource Management component of MAF-Data from the Employee Survey is one measure

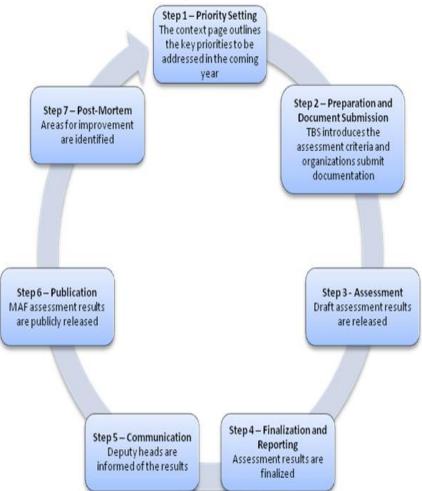


Every Government Department has an Employee Engagement Score from the Survey



MAF is a rigorous assessment process

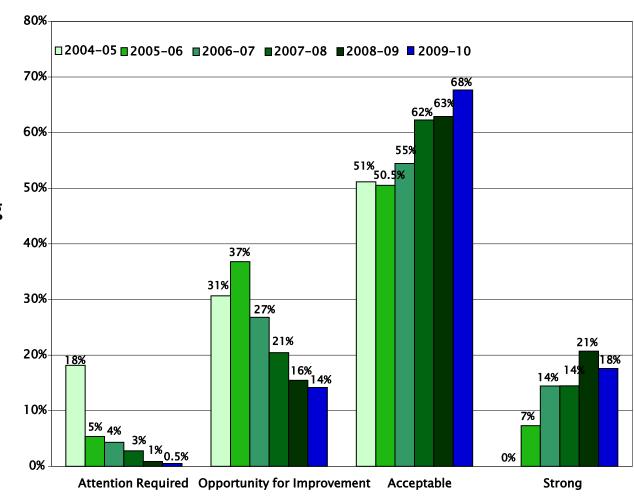
- Assessments performed annually by the Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat (TBS) and is based on evidence submitted by federal organizations
- All major federal departments and a third of small agencies are assessed on a rotational basis, which represents 55 to 60 organizations each year
- Each organization is assessed against expectations outlined under specific areas of management
- Rigorous assessments are prepared by TBS experts and drafts are discussed with departments and agencies before they are finalized
- Results are used as an input for annual assessments of Deputy Ministers
- Summaries of final assessments are made available to the public



TBS supports departments and agencies throughout the MAF process by providing tools, guidance and advice, as well as by promoting the exchange of best practices.

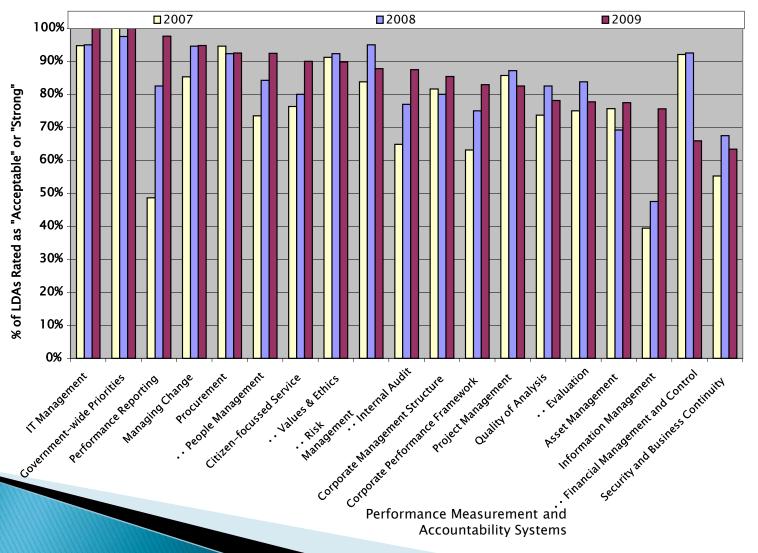
Analysis indicates that, overall, MAF is helping the federal government to manage better ...

- MAF is changing departmental management behaviour organizations are making concerted efforts to improve their MAF ratings
- Deputy Ministers are using MAF to support their management accountabilities, and to enhance management performance with their executive team
- Measurable progress is being made and the bar is being raised



... and improvements are being made across most Areas of Management

MAF 3-year Rating Comparison by Area of Management



(Round VII ratings include carry-over ratings from Round VI; Large Departments & Agencies only; •• Core AoMs)

Key success factors to effectively implement a performance management approach

- Based on a 7-year experience of implementing the MAF, some lessons learned include:
 - Leadership at the top is critical to improve management practices
 - Recognize at the outset that managing with a focus on results requires a culture shift and that progress will take time and sustained focus
 - Performance pay of Department Heads should be linked to management performance
 - Performance management assessments should be constructive and encourage continuous improvement, not be a means to penalize organizations
 - Assessment tools need to be kept evergreen and room needs to be left for good judgment and contextualization
- MAF provides an excellent platform for cooperative sharing of best and leading practices, benefiting all federal departments

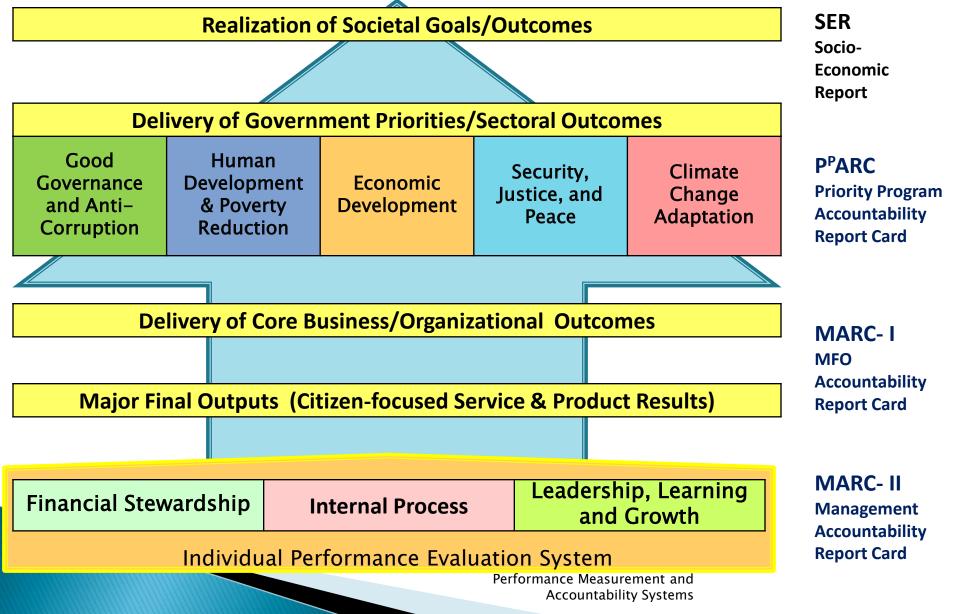
"Internationally, MAF is considered to be one of the more sophisticated management practices systems."

(Independent Five-year MAF Evaluation, based on OECD study)

GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEMS: A CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

ACCOUNTABILITY FOR WHAT AND BY WHOM:	INDIVIDU AL MANAGERS	DEPAR TMENT S HEAD S	CENTRAL AGENCIES AND HEADS OF GOVERN ME NT	PERFORMANCE ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEMS
LEVEL ONE: INPUTS				
- Leadership and Goals	v	v	v	MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTABILITY
- Organizational Capacity	v	v	v	REPORT CARD
-Resource Management	v	v	v	(MANAGEMENT R ESULTS ACCOUNTABILITY)
-Values, Ethics, and	v	v	v	
Organizational Culture		1		
LEVEL TWO: OUTPUTS				DDO CRAM
-Service Quality	v	v	v	PROGRAM ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD
- Program Outputs	v	v		
=Operational Efficiency	v	v		(PROGRAM RESULT S ACCOUNTABILITY)
LE VEL THREE: OUTCOMES				
-Program and Policy Effectiveness		v	v	GOALS ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD
-Government Goals		v	v	(POLICY RESULTS ACCOUNT AB ILITY)

The Philippine President's New Performance Management and Reporting System



Conclusion – Building a Performance Management Framework

1. THE WHY?

 What is the purpose of the performance management system: to measure and report performance; or to improve management and policy performance, or both?

2. THE WHAT?

- Should we measure Management performance, or program and policy performance, or both? What management factors should be measured?
- What level is the measurement- at Government level, Departmental level or both?

3. THE HOW?

 What measures will be used for determining performance for each factor? Will measures be process measures, results measures, or both? How will results be reported and to whom- President, Congress, Citizens?
How?

4. THE WHO?

 Which central agency will conduct the reviews and provide oversight? What is the role of departments and what is the role of central agencies?



A Performance Measurement Example: How to Utilize Customer Satisfaction Data to Improve Performance in the Public Sector

Brian Marson



Presentation Outline

- 1. Good Practices in Measuring Clients` Expectations, Satisfaction and Priorities for Improvement
 - Citizens First, Kiwis Count, and Taking Care of Business
 - The Common Measurements Tool
 - Performance-Importance Matrix
- 2. Good Practices in Client Satisfaction Measurement and Performance Improvement at the Department Level

CASE 1. The Royal Canadian Mounted Police

CASE 2. British Columbia Province Internal Service Improvement

CASE 3: Centrelink, Service Canada and Service BC

The Importance of Listening to Citizens and Clients

"Promoting public participation in service design and delivery will be critical in solving how to deliver more effective services at a *lower unit cost.....This will require a rigorous* analysis of the service delivery value chain; knowing how to progress from a deep analysis of clients' needs and expectations to delivering a service of quality with strong client input and feedback ..."

> -The Institute of Public Administration of Australia Getting Serious on Client Service, December 2011



The Nationwide Professional Association of the Public Sector

The Client Feedback Toolbox

Interview Methods:

- In-depth interviews
- Client focus groups
- Exit interviews

Questionnaire Methods:

- Mail surveys
- Telephone surveys
- Exit surveys
- E-mail surveys

Ongoing Input Mechanisms:

- Toll-free numbers
- Suggestion boxes
- Response cards

Plus:

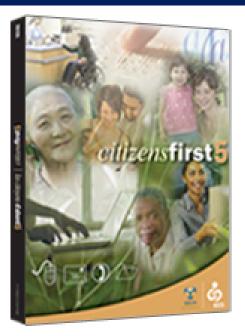
- •Customer Journey Mapping
- •Citizens Panels
- •Complaint Analysis

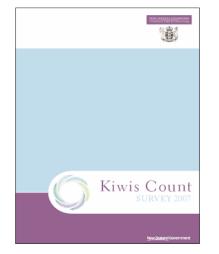
Surveying Clients in the Public Sector

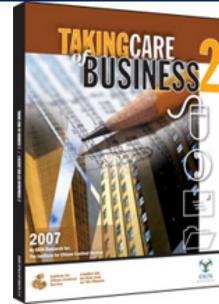




CMT User Manual









APO Workshop on Client Surveys- Brian Marson

Citizen/Client Satisfaction Measurement in the Public Sector: Some Best Practices

COUNTRY LEVEL

- <u>Citizens First</u> -Citizen
 Surveys (Canada)
- <u>Kiwis Count</u> -Citizen Surveys (New Zealand)
- <u>Taking Care of</u>
 <u>Business</u> -Business
 Surveys (Canada)
- Canada Internet Panel

DEPARTMENT LEVEL

- American Customer Satisfaction Index (ACSI) –USA
- The Common Measurements Tool (CMT) -Canada
- Institute of Citizen
 Centred Service CMT Benchmarking
 Service

Accenture on the Role of the <u>Institute for</u> <u>Citizen Centred Service</u> Around the World



"The Institute for Citizen-Centred Service, works with governments across Canada and around the world to improve citizen satisfaction with public sector service delivery.....Canada's focus on selfexamination and its relentless pursuit of user feedback have allowed it to continue to build what is clearly one of the world-leading customer-focused government programs...setting the standard for the rest of the world."Accenture accen

www.iccs-isac.org

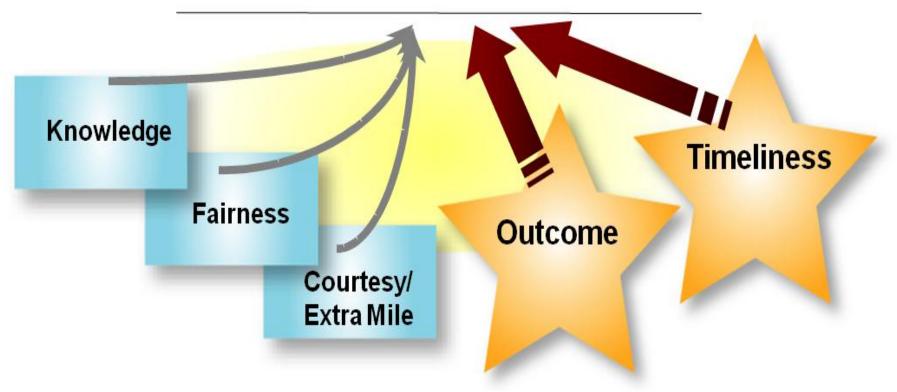
The Common Measurements Tool and CMT Benchmarking Service

- Created by the Canadian Public Sector based on the research findings on the drivers of client satisfaction in the delivery of public sector services
- The CMT is managed by the inter-governmental Institute for Citizen Centred Service, which serves and assists all Canadian and international CMT users
- The ICCS provides a CMT survey data base to provide benchmarking services to users of the CMT
- The CMT is used in Canada (all governments), New Zealand, Australia, Singapore, Qatar and is under consideration by other countries, including Philippines
- It is updated based on new research insights
- Winner of a Silver CAPAM Innovation Award and acclaimed by both Accenture and by a US Government (GSA) study.

Research: Key Drivers of Service Satisfaction

Citizens First 4

CLIENT SATISFACTION



© ICCS-2005

The "Gold Standard" in Client Satisfaction Measurement: The Common Measurements Tool

<complex-block></complex-block>			SUREMENTS TOOL
IPAC 🚔	DRIVER	CMT QUESTION	
	Extra Mile	Staff went the extra mile to make sure I got what I needed. How much do you agree with the statement?	
citizensfirst5	Knowledge	Staff were knowledgeable and competent. How much do you agree with the statement?	
	Fairness	I was treated fairly. How much do you agree with the statement?	
	Outcome	In the end, did you get what you needed?	
	Timeliness	Overall, how satisfied were you with the amount of time it took to get the service?	

Service Dimensions and Client Types



CMT Question Bank

The CMT is designed to collect feedback relating to a broad range of service dimensions including:

- Access
- Timeliness
- Staff Performance
- Communications
- Channel experience

The CMT is designed for and has been used in both external and internal client surveys at all levels of government. Approximately twenty percent of data in the ICCS' Benchmarking Database comes from internal client surveys.

What Makes the Common Measurements Tool So Useful?

- A Consistent Set of Questions: The CMT consists of a bank of carefully constructed questions that apply to service delivery across a wide spectrum of public sector service and products. It can be used with both internal and external clients.
- A Tool that can be Customized: Individual organizations can adapt the CMT to their own situations by a) selecting the survey outline ("Historical Tracking" or "Standardized") that suits their research objectives; b) selecting the "Basic User" or "Advanced User" option depending on their research needs and capabilities; c) selecting relevant questions from the question bank; and d) creating custom questions where these are required. Therefore, organizations can get the benefits of benchmarking CMT questions without giving up the ability to track questions of special interest to their business.
- Focused on Improving Service Delivery: Service quality systems often stop at the report card stage, providing measures of current performance but not the directional information that is necessary to guide service improvements. The CMT provides report card-like measures as well as information to guide service improvement.
- A Basis for Benchmarking Service Quality: Observing the performance of other organizations can be a great catalyst. The Institute for Citizen-Centred Service (ICCS) maintains a confidential database of CMT research results, and reports benchmarks for numerous types of public sector organizations.

Channels of Service Delivery and Data Collection

CMT questions address the full range of service delivery channels such as:





- Telephone
- In-person
- Web
- Mail
- Email
- Kiosk





In addition, the questions are designed for data collection across the same spectrum of channels.

How does the CMT work? -Measuring both satisfaction and Importance

ST/	TATEMENT		Strongly Strongly		IMPORTANCE Not at all Very important important				Phone In-person Web Mail Email					
L.	Staff were courteous	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	
М.	Staff were helpful	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	
N.	Staff were good listeners	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	
0.	Staff were respectful	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	
Ρ.	Staff were flexible	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	
Q.	I waited a reasonable amount of time at the service location	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	- <u>-</u>
R.	It was easy to find [agency's] website	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	
<mark>S.</mark>	When I got to the site, it was easy to find what I was looking for	1	2	3	4	5	NA	1	2	3	4	5	NA	

The Importance/Satisfaction Matrix

High <i>mbortance</i>	5	Fix It Areas to focus improvement on	Keep it Up Areas of organizational strength
orta	4	Check It	Review It
pdul	ç	Areas where attention could be applied	Areas of possible overkill or unnecessary strength
Low	2		ourorigui
	Lōv	\mathbf{N} 2 Satisfac	ction ₄ 5High

Institute for Citizen Centred Service-Benchmarking Database

A central database for storing CMT data has been built, allowing organizations to anonymously compare results against peers.



Organizations benefit from:

- Alignment of Services
- Direct Comparisons
- Sharing of Knowledge and Best Practices



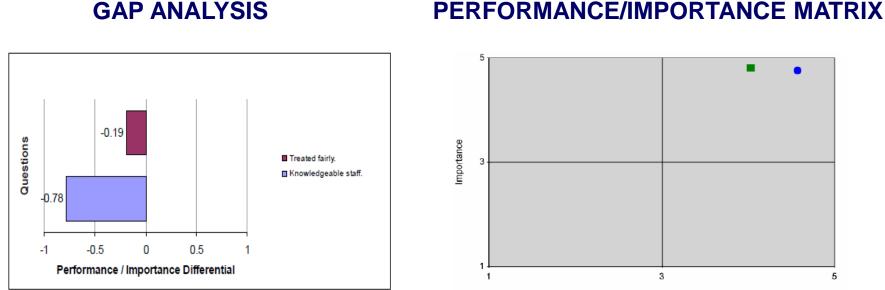
The CMT Benchmarking Reports

Questions	Your Org	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3
Overall service quality satisfaction.	3.75	4.20	4.00	4.00
Overall accessibility satisfaction.	3.94	4.10	4.30	4.10
Treated fairly. Agreement.	4.57	4.30	4.30	4.30
Treated fairly. Importance.	4.76	4.60	4.70	4.60
Knowledgeable staff. Agreement.	4.03	4.30	4.20	4.20
Knowledgeable staff. Importance.	4.81	4.60	4.80	4.70
Overall satisfaction. Time.	3.28	3.90	4.00	3.90

Introduction of colour-coding enables easy identification of problem areas as well as quick assessment of the overall performance.

CMT Report: Priorities for Service Improvements

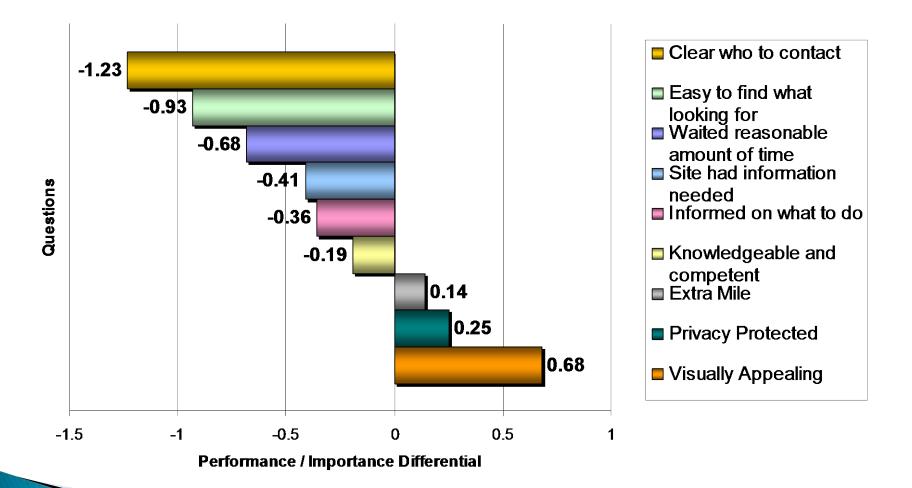
The CMT benchmarking report offers various methods of identifying the areas in need of improvement.



Performance

Question	Performance	Importance	Gap
 Treated fairly. 	4.57	4.76	-0.19
Knowledgeable staff.	4.03	4.81	-0.78

CMT Reports: Priorities for Service Improvements for a Government Service



CMT Related **Publications**

CMT Question Bank

- CMT User Manual
- How to Conduct Customer Surveys

How to

Conduct

Surveys

stitute for

L'Institut des Citizen-Centred services cxés

MAY 2007

Customer

A How-to Guide for Service **Improvement** Initiatives

COMMON MEASURE TOO

Toward Citizen-Centred Service Deliver A How-to Guide for Service Improvement Initiatives

> TOGETHER nroving citizer satisfaction

...a new focus

and measure of success

CMT User Manual

Chizen-Centred service

From Survey Data to Service Improvement-The Institute for Citizen Centred Service Model

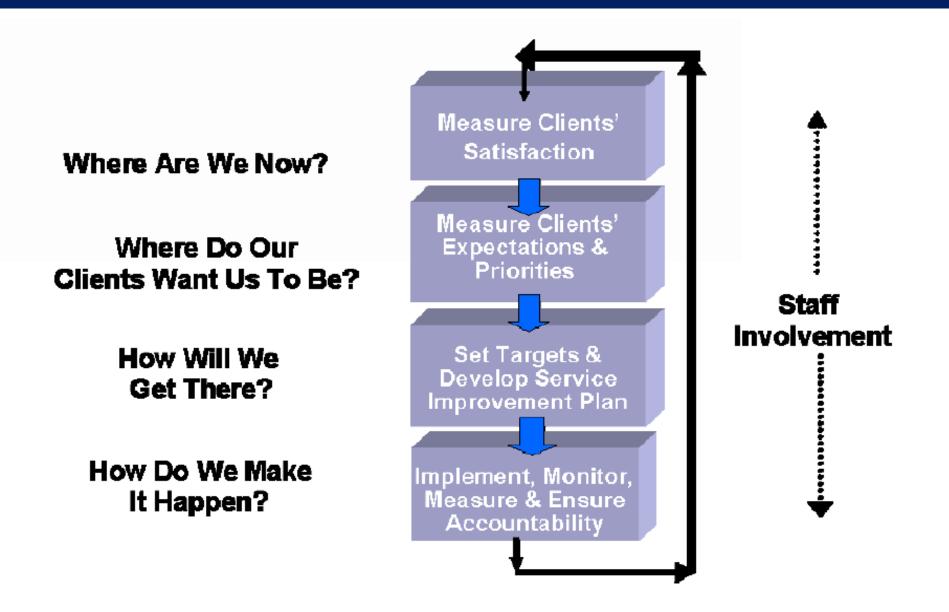


The CMT is now being used across the Canadian Public Sector and under license in New Zealand, Australia, UAE, Qatar and several other countries

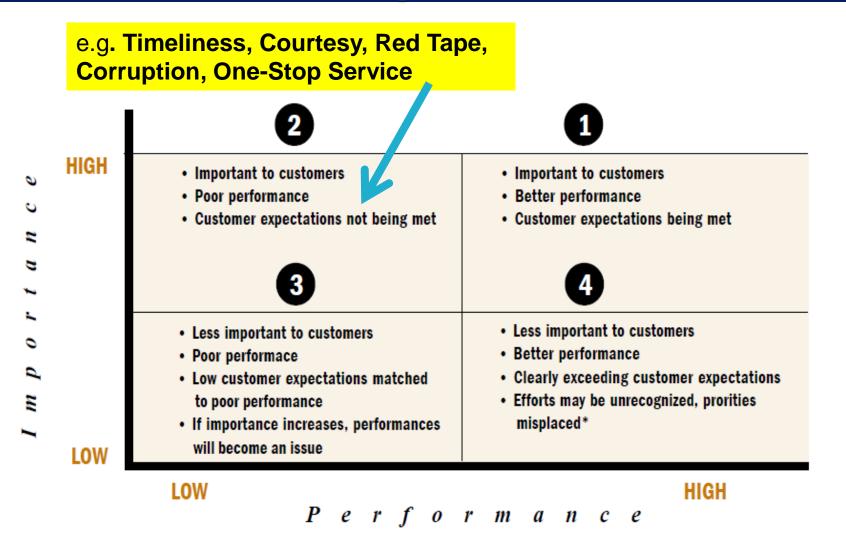
www.iccs-isac.org

The Service Improvement Process

(Model used to improve Canadian Government services satisfaction rates by 12% over five years)

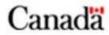


Using the Performance-Importance Matrix to Set Improvement Priorities





Royal Canadian Gendarmerie royale Mounted Police du Canada





Royal Canadian Mounted Police

www.rcmp-grc.gc.ca



Case Study 1: RCMP



Royal Canadian Mounted Police

Gendarmerie Royale du Canada

RCMP is employing the CMT because they want to be able to...

- obtain key results information so they can assess how well they are doing
- make themselves more fully accountable to Parliament, partners, public and all levels of the organization
- help make strategic decisions using results-based intelligence
- compare their performance against that of others are they becoming an organization of excellence?
- demonstrate they are delivering "value for money" currently invested in their programs
- demonstrate value for new funds being requested
- stop doing initiatives that don't assist their strategy!

The Canadian National Police (RCMP) Measure Citizen Satisfaction with Police Service Every Year





RCMP Regular Core Surveys

In its continued commitment to quality service delivery, the RCMP launched the Core Surveys to capture the views of Canadian citizens, contract partners, policing partners and stakeholders.

Survey of Canadians' View of RCMP Policing Services

Target population: Random sample of 5700 Canadians from all provinces and territories Survey of Contract Partners

Target population: Attorneys General, Mayors, and Aboriginal leaders from communities policed by the RCMP. Ontario and Quebec are not included in this survey as the RCMP is not the police force of provincial or local jurisdiction

Survey of Policing Partners

Target population: Chiefs of Canadian police forces and contacts within police services **Survey of Stakeholders and Other Partners**

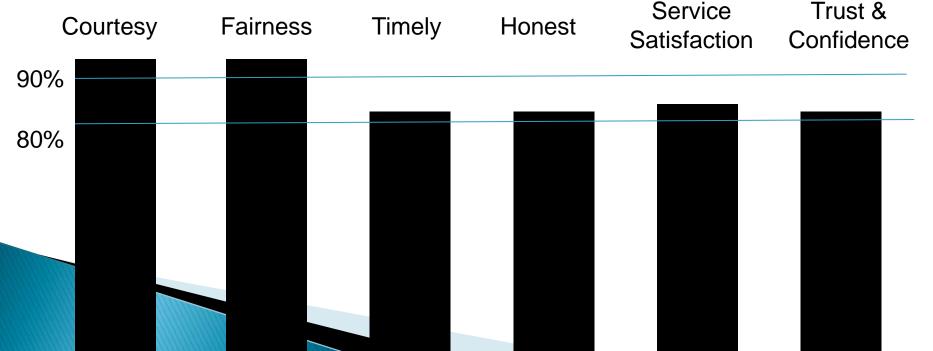
Target population: Assistant Deputy-Ministers (ADMs), ADM-equivalents, regional contacts from federal departments/agencies and other contacts from "non-police" partner organizations such as provincial ministries, and NGOs.

Example of the OnLine RCMP Survey Results

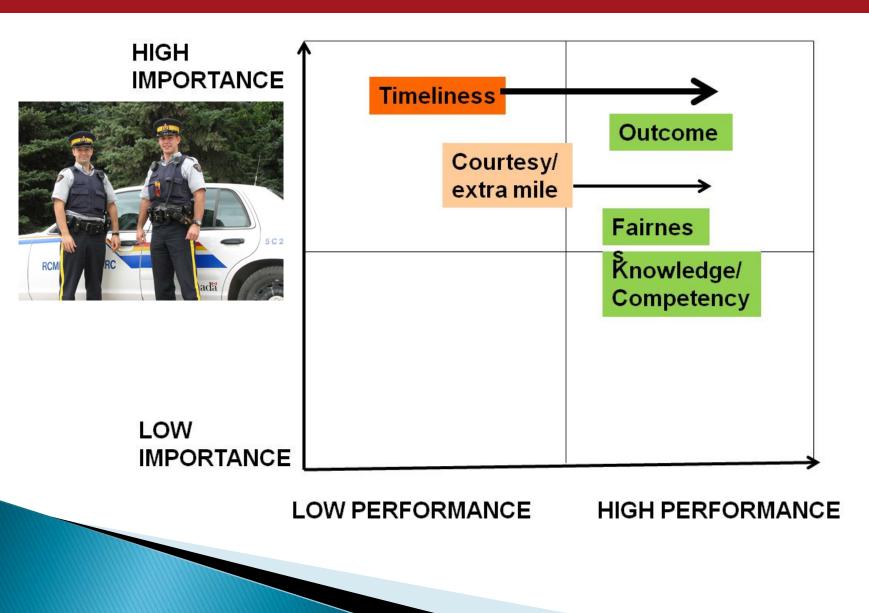
National RCMP	Core Surveye 2011. No	tional	aval	Docu	Ito
About the RCMP	Core Surveys 2011: Na	LIONALI	Level	Resu	its
Newsroom	 Survey of Canadians' Views of RCM 	P Policing Se	ervices		
Careers	 Survey of Contract Partners 				
Resources	 Aboriginal Community Results 				
Publications	Survey of Canadians' Views of RCM	P Policing S	ervices		
Fact Sheets	Questions	Disagree	Neither	Agree	Count
Forms		(%)	(%)	(%)	
Family Corner	How important is the RCMP's	1	1	98	6980
Navigate by	contribution to a safe and secure	-	-	50	0,000
A-Z Index	Canada?				
Provinces	How satisfied are you with the RCMP's	6	6	87	6889
Programs	contribution to a safe and secure Canada?			13139	
	The RCMP's services are important for Canada?	1	1	98	6992
	The RCMP demonstrates	7	5	88	6921



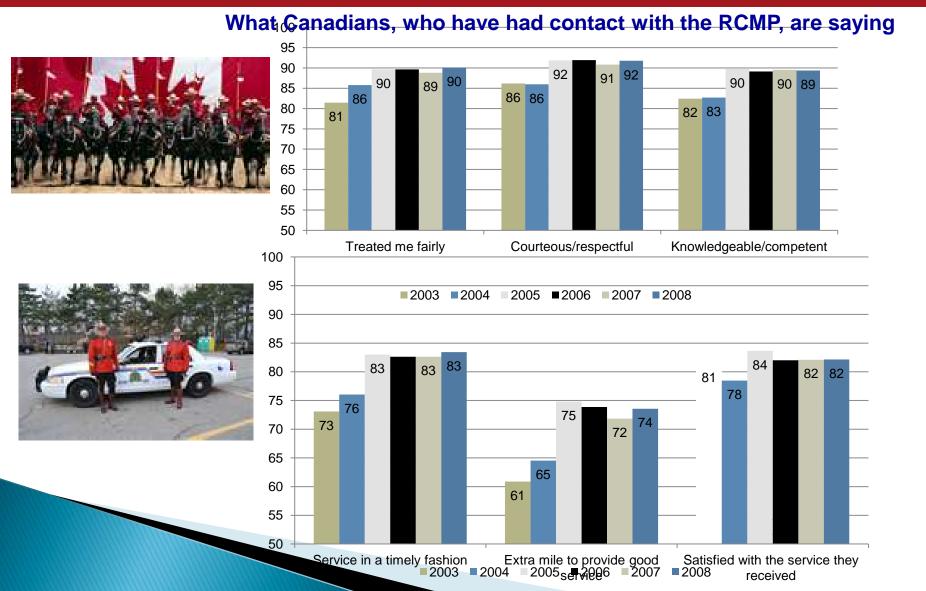
 Examples of 2011 Citizen Survey Results Including Core <u>Common Measurement Tool</u> Questions



Using the Importance-Performance Matrix to Set RCMP Service Improvement Priorities



Improving the Royal Canadian Police Service Performance



Measuring and Achieving Service Excellence and Client Satisfaction Across Canada

211)

Royal Canadian Mounted Police



83% Client Satisfactior

211Ontario.	ca
92%	
Best	
Public	
Sector	
Call	
Centres	

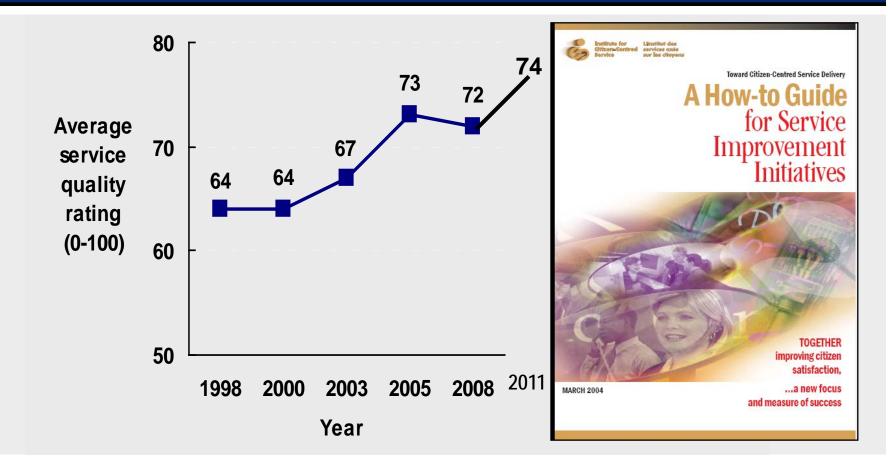


Service British Columbia

95% Client Satisfaction

Improving performance in Canada..... making a difference for citizens

Long-term trend for 26 services



In Some Cases, Outperforming the Private Sector

"Many public sector services outperform mainstream private sector services in the eyes of Canadians" (Citizens First-4 Survey, 2006)

How do public and private services compare? Citizens First 1 and 4										
	Mean Service Quality Score (0-100)									
Services	P nix	atte	Gove CF1 77 -	nnmæntt						
	CF1	CF4	CF1	CF4						
Visited a public library	-	-	77	84						
Supermarkets	74	71	-	-						
Canada Post	-	-	57	70						
Private mail carriers and courier companies	68	74	-	-						
Used municipal public transit (bus, streetcar, subway)	-	-	58	68						
Taxis	57	64	-	-						
Average rating across services shown	66	700	64	7744						

Case Study 2: Government of British Columbia

Service satisfaction Measurement: Using the CMT in the Government of British Columbia:

> Surveys of citizens

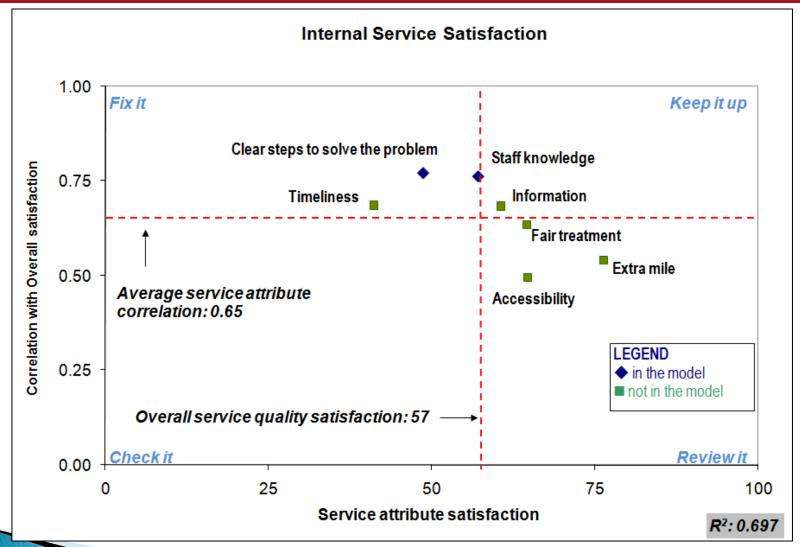
- Single-window service delivery
- Resource ministry services
- Social services



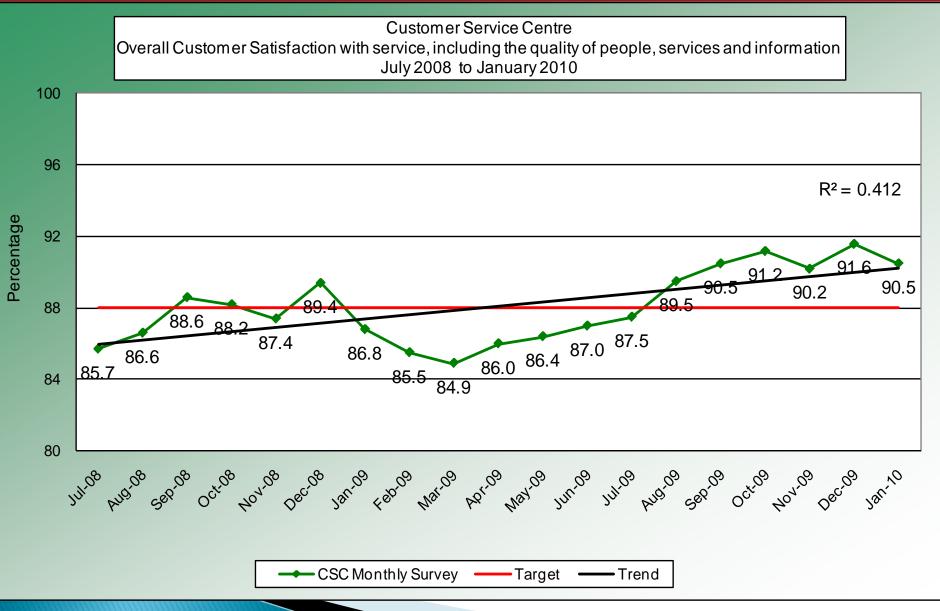
Surveys of government workers

- Internal shared services
 - e.g. Payroll, IM/IT
- Administrative services
 - e.g. Financial, HR

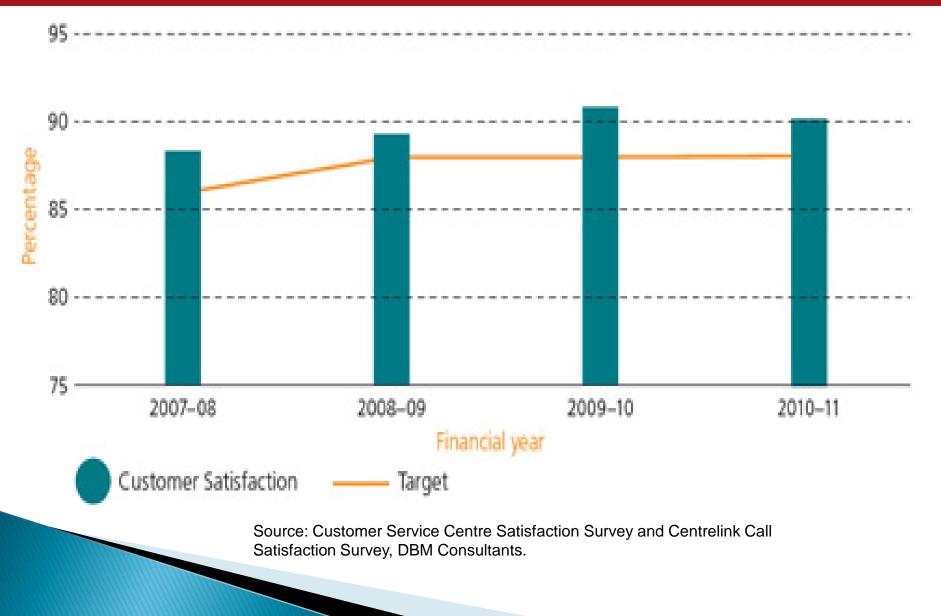
Case Study 2: Government of British Columbia- Internal Service Satisfaction



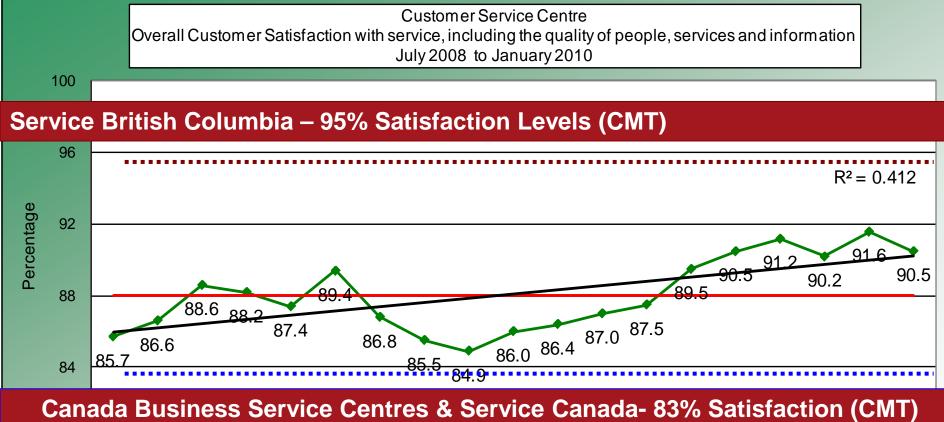
Case Study 3: Client Satisfaction Measurement and Benchmarking: Centrelink & Service Canada



Australia Centrelink Customer Satisfaction Trend (2007-2011)



Benchmarking Centrelink's Results with Service Canada and Service British Columbia

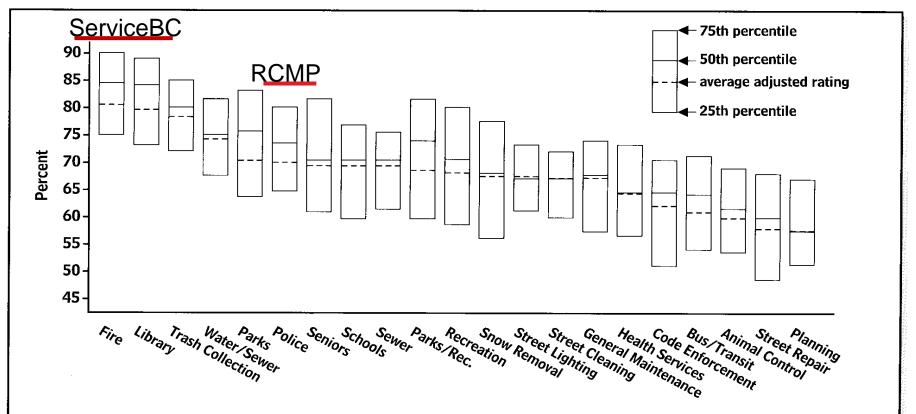


80 JULOB AUGOB GERO OCTOB NOVOB DECOB JENOB FERO NELOB ARTO JULOB JULOB AUGOB GERO OCTOB NOVOB DECOB JENO

----- CSC Monthly Survey ------ Target ------ Trend

ANNEX: Citizen Satisfaction Benchmark Ranges (USA Data)

Average Adjusted Percentage to Maximum (PTM) Ratings for Individual Services



Recreated from: Thomas I. Miller and Michelle A. Miller. *Citizen Surveys: How to Do Them, How to Use Them, What They Mean*. (Washington: International City/County Management Association, 1991).